City of Carl Junction, Missouri

Basic Financial Statements Year Ended April 30, 2023



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Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen City of Carl Junction Carl Junction, Missouri

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of Carl Junction, Missouri, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of Carl Junction, Missouri as of April 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Carl Junction, Missouri and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, the City adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 87 – *Leases*, as of April 30, 2023. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

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Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Carl Junction, Missouri's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Carl Junction, Missouri's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, pension information and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial

statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 1, 2023, on our consideration of the City of Carl Junction, Missouri's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Carl Junction, Missouri's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KPM CPAS, PC

KPM CPAs, PC Springfield, Missouri September 1, 2023

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Management's Discussion and Analysis

April 30, 2023

The Management's Discussion and Analysis of the City of Carl Junction's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2023. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

The net position of the City's governmental activities increased by \$872,136 as a result of current year activities. The net position of the City's business-type activities increased by \$351,950 for the year.

The assets and deferred outflows of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows as of April 30, 2023, by \$39,410,924 (net position). Of this amount \$4,772,288 was unrestricted and may be used to meet future obligations of the City.

Total long-term liabilities of the City increased by \$1,674,560 due to the net effect of principal payments made and a new financing agreement with MAMU for water projects.

Using this Report

This report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is, "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets, liabilities and deferred outflows/inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current period's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. These two statements report the City's net position and changes in them. The City's net position – the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows – is one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the City into two kinds of activities:

Governmental Activities: Most of the City's basic services are reported here. Taxes are the primary sources of financing for these activities.

Business-Type Activities: The City charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's water and sewer services are provided here.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

April 30, 2023

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the City's most significant funds and not the City as a whole. However, the Board of Aldermen establishes funds to help it control and manage money for a particular purpose or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes and grants.

Governmental Funds

Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at period-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and the governmental funds are shown in a reconciliation following the fund financial statements.

Enterprise Funds

When the City charges customers for the services it provides – whether to outside customers or to other units of the City – these services are generally reported in enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The Notes to the Basic Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

April 30, 2023

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Net Position

The following table presents the condensed Statement of Net Position for the City as of April 30, 2023 and 2022:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total April 30, 2023	Total April 30, 2022
Assets				
Current and other assets	\$ 5,835,800	\$ 5,419,427	\$ 11,255,227	\$ 7,870,243
Net pension asset	206,561	141,779	348,340	614,359
Capital assets	20,261,889	14,974,549	35,236,438	36,163,748
	26,304,250	20,535,755	46,840,005	44,648,350
Deferred Outflow of Resources	125,902	135,007	260,909	164,572
Liabilities				
Other liabilities	1,204,499	416,603	1,621,102	2,366,488
Long-term liabilities	1,807,011	3,357,058	5,164,069	3,489,509
	3,011,510	3,773,661	6,785,171	5,855,997
Deferred Inflow of Resources	720,940	183,879	904,819	770,087
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	18,168,588	13,708,949	31,877,537	32,296,660
Restricted	2,352,731	408,368	2,761,099	1,893,574
Unrestricted	2,176,383	2,595,905	4,772,288	3,996,604
	\$ 22,697,702	\$ 16,713,222	\$ 39,410,924	\$ 38,186,838

Total net position of the City increased by \$1,224,086 for the year due to current year activity. Total liabilities for the City have increased by \$929,174. Restricted net position of the City totaled \$2,761,099 as of April 30, 2023.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

April 30, 2023

Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		siness-Type Activities	Y	ear Ended April 30, 2023	Year Ended April 30, 2022			
Revenues and Transfers									
Program Revenues									
Charges for services	\$	283,154	\$ 2,809,717	\$	3,092,871	\$	3,035,395		
Operating grants and contributions		303,481	6,000		309,481		143,896		
Capital grants and contributions		955,120	-		955,120		-		
General Revenues									
Ad valorem taxes		886,243	-		886,243		889,561		
Sales taxes		1,192,148	-		1,192,148		1,099,556		
Motor vehicle and gas taxes		384,266	-		384,266		325,285		
Franchise fees		560,142	-		560,142		455,288		
Interest		2,549	2,660		5,209		846		
Other revenue		43,812	-		43,812		17,430		
Transfers	(399,442) 399,442					-			
Total Revenues and Transfers		4,211,473	 3,217,819		7,429,292		5,967,257		
Expenses									
Administrative		404,341	-		404,341		266,111		
Police		1,270,058	-		1,270,058		1,235,701		
Municipal court		45,622	-		45,622		45,903		
Planning and zoning		1,984	-		1,984		3,528		
Building inspector		28,369	-		28,369		30,794		
Community service		22,050	-		22,050		21,000		
Street		950,466	-		950 <i>,</i> 466		1,125,831		
Parks		312,690	-		312,690		485,164		
Non-departmental		254,880	-		254,880		-		
Debt service		48,877	-		48,877		126,295		
Water		-	1,278,714		1,278,714		1,421,114		
Sewer		-	 1,587,155 1,587,155			1,741,850			
Total Expenses		3,339,337	2,865,869		6,205,206		6,503,291		
Change in Net Position	\$	872,136	\$ 351,950	\$	1,224,086	\$	(536,034)		

Management's Discussion and Analysis

April 30, 2023

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the net position of the City by \$872,136. Tax revenues for the City were \$3,022,799, which represents 72% of the funding of these activities. Program revenues for the functions totaled \$1,541,755, or 37% of the funding. The following table shows the cost of the City's programs as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the taxpayers by each of these functions.

Net Cost of the City of Carl Junction's Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services						
Administrative	\$ 404,341	\$	184,529				
Police	1,270,058		1,149,416				
Municipal court	45,622		45,622				
Planning and zoning	1,984		1,984				
Building inspector	28,369		950				
Community service	22,050		(22,337)				
Street	950,466		807,166				
Parks	312,690		309,612				
Non-departmental	254,880		(728,237)				
Interest and fiscal charges	48,877		48,877				
	\$ 3,339,337	\$	1,797,582				

Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$351,950. Last year the business-type activities decreased net position by \$516,082.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

The combined fund balances of the City's governmental funds as of April 30, 2023, were \$4,225,975. The General Fund decreased by \$225,488. The Street Fund increased by \$415,021. The Park Fund increased by \$182,087. The Capital Improvement Sales Tax Fund increased by \$239,690. The ARPA Fund increased by \$125. The Debt Service Fund decreased by \$30,744.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original and the final actual results can be summarized as follows:

- The original revenue budget was \$1,806,580 compared to \$2,296,519 of actual revenues.
- The original expenditures budget was \$1,700,502 compared to \$1,744,947 of actual expenditures.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

April 30, 2023

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

Capital assets of the governmental activities were \$20,261,889 (net of accumulated depreciation) as of April 30, 2023. This represents a \$264,434 decrease from the prior year primarily due to depreciation. Capital assets for business-type activities were \$14,974,549 as of April 30, 2023. This represents a decrease of \$662,876 primarily due to depreciation.

Debt

Debt of the governmental activities as of April 30, 2023, consists of \$1,960,000 in outstanding principal of Series 2022 General Obligation Refunding Bonds.

Debt of the business-type activities as of April 30, 2023, consists of outstanding principal of \$2,241,875 of Series 2023 MAMU financing and \$1,265,600 of Series 2013 Revenue Bonds.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

General Fund Revenue for fiscal year 2023-2024 is projected to be flat or a very small increase. Offsetting any increases in gross receipts will be a continued reduction in court fines collected as past legislation continues to make an impact on these revenues. Missouri State Auditor continues to keep revenue growth in check even with a positive growth in assessed value.

Modernization in equipment at the Police Department will be funded with the Public Safety Sales Tax and Law Enforcement Sales Tax grant from Jasper County. This will be the 2nd full year of collection for the Public Safety Sales Tax.

ARPA funds from the federal government will make a large and lasting impact on the City as projects for park improvement, emergency equipment for the Community Center and better citizen engagement programs will be implemented. These grant funds and other planned grant funds for sidewalk improvements and new park and pavilion in Ward 3 will help to keep up with the sustained growth that the City has experienced.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

For additional information or questions, please contact any of the following officers at:

City of Carl Junction 303 North Main Carl Junction, MO 64834 (417) 649-7237

Mark Powers, Mayor Steve Lawver, City Administrator Alaina Wright, City Clerk

Statement of Net Position

April 30, 2023

		ernmental tivities	siness-Type Activities	 Total
Assets				
Current				
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted	\$	1,655,146	\$ 2,221,497	\$ 3,876,643
Investments		163,059	130,847	293,906
Taxes receivable		331,374	-	331,374
Utilities receivable, net		-	206,943	206,943
Interest receivable		11,440	-	11,440
Other receivable		4,850	-	4,850
Prepaid expenses		13,751	11,697	25,448
Noncurrent				
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		3,029,325	2,848,443	5,877,768
Lease receivable - noncurrent		626,855	-	626,855
Net pension asset		206,561	141,779	348,340
Capital Assets				
Non-depreciable		611,151	242,000	853,151
Depreciable, net	1	9,650,738	14,732,549	34,383,287
Total Assets	2	6,304,250	 20,535,755	 46,840,005
Deferred Outflow of Resources				
Deferred pension outflows		125,902	135,007	260,909

Statement of Net Position

April 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Liabilities			
Current			
Accounts payable	181,522	25,381	206,903
Accrued expenses	19,358	10,386	29,744
Deposits payable	-	214,211	214,211
Unearned revenue	658,619	-	658,619
Current portion of long-term debt	345,000	166,625	511,625
	1,204,499	416,603	1,621,102
Noncurrent			
Compensated absences	58,710	16,208	74,918
General obligation bonds, net	1,748,301	-	1,748,301
Revenue bonds payable	-	1,169,200	1,169,200
Financed purchases	-	2,171,650	2,171,650
	1,807,011	3,357,058	5,164,069
Total Liabilities	3,011,510	3,773,661	6,785,171
Deferred Inflow of Resources			
Deferred pension inflows	97,551	183,879	281,430
Deferred lease inflows	623,389	-	623,389
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	720,940	183,879	904,819
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	18,168,588	13,708,949	31,877,537
Restricted	2,352,731	408,368	2,761,099
Unrestricted	2,176,383	2,595,905	4,772,288
Total Net Position	\$ 22,697,702	\$ 16,713,222	\$ 39,410,924

Statement of Activities

Year Ended April 30, 2023

			Program Revenues							Net (Expenses), F	Revenue	s, and Changes	in Ne	t Position
			C	harges for		rating Grants		pital Grants	Go	overnmental	Bus	iness-Type		
Functions/Programs		Expenses	_	Services	and	Contributions	and	Contributions		Activities	A	ctivities		Total
Governmental activities														
Administrative	\$	(404,341)	\$	219,812	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(184,529)	\$	-	\$	(184,529)
Police		(1,270,058)		21,851		98,791		-		(1,149,416)		-		(1,149,416)
Municipal court		(45,622)		-		-		-		(45,622)		-		(45,622)
Planning and zoning		(1,984)		-		-		-		(1,984)		-		(1,984)
Building inspector		(28,369)		27,419		-		-		(950)		-		(950)
Community service		(22,050)		10,994		33,393		-		22,337		-		22,337
Street		(950,466)		-		-		143,300		(807,166)		-		(807,166)
Parks		(312,690)		3,078		-		-		(309,612)		-		(309,612)
Non-departmental		(254,880)		-		171,297		811,820		728,237		-		728,237
Interest and fiscal charges		(48,877)		-		-		-		(48,877)		-		(48,877)
Total Governmental Activities		(3,339,337)		283,154		303,481		955,120		(1,797,582)		-		(1,797,582)
Business-type activities														
Water		(1,278,714)		1,371,030		-		-		-		92,316		92,316
Sewer		(1,587,155)		1,438,687		6,000		-		-		(142,468)		(142,468)
Total Business-Type Activities		(2,865,869)		2,809,717		6,000		-		-		(50,152)		(50,152)
Total Government	\$	(6,205,206)	\$	3,092,871	\$	309,481	\$	955,120		(1,797,582)		(50,152)		(1,847,734)
	Gen	eral Revenues												
	A	d valorem taxes	5							886,243		-		886,243
	-	ales taxes								1,192,148		-		1,192,148
		lotor vehicle ta	xes							384,266		-		384,266
		ranchise fees								560,142		-		560,142
		nterest								2,549		2,660		5,209
		liscellaneous								43,812		-		43,812
		nsfers								(399,442)		399,442		-
	Т	otal General Re	venu	es and Transf	ers					2,669,718		402,102		3,071,820
	Cha	nges in Net Pos	ition							872,136		351,950		1,224,086
	Net	Position, Begin	ning o	of year						21,825,566		16,361,272		38,186,838
		Position, End o							\$	22,697,702	\$	16,713,222	\$	39,410,924

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds

April 30, 2023

			Special Revenue Funds													
		General Fund				Street Fund		Park Fund		Capital provements Fund		ARPA Fund		Debt Service Fund	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Assets																
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,655,146	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,655,146		
Investments		163,059		-		-		-		-		-		163,059		
Ad valorem taxes receivable, net		69,062		-		-		-		-		58,363		127,425		
Sales taxes receivable		98,868		54,501		25,290		25,290		-		-		203,949		
Long-term lease receivable		626,855		-		-		-		-		-		626,855		
Interest receivable		11,440		-		-		-		-		-		11,440		
Other receivables		4,850		-		-		-		-		-		4,850		
Prepaid expenses		12,396		1,275		80		-		-		-		13,751		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		26,171		854,668		289,076		594,686		747,473		517,251		3,029,325		
Total Assets	\$	2,667,847	\$	910,444	\$	314,446	\$	619,976	\$	747,473	\$	575,614	\$	5,835,800		
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances Liabilities																
Accounts payable	\$	59.349	\$	5,928	\$	479	Ś	27,075	Ś	88,691	Ś	_	Ś	181,522		
Accrued expenses	Ļ	19,358	ڔ	5,528	Ļ	475	Ļ	27,075	Ļ	88,091	ç	-	Ļ	19,358		
Unearned revenue		19,558		-		-		-		- 658,619		-		658,619		
Total Liabilities		78,707		5,928		479		27,075		747,310				859,499		
		/0,/0/		5,520		475		27,075		747,510				055,455		
Deferred Inflows of Resources		<u> </u>														
Tax revenue		68,781		-		-		-		-		58,156		126,937		
Leases		623,389		-		-		-				-		623,389		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		692,170		-		-		-		-		58,156		750,326		
Fund Balances																
Nonspendable																
Prepaid expenses		12,396		1,275		80		-		-		-		13,751		
Restricted for																
Debt service		-		-		-		-		-		517,458		517,458		
Building deposits		5,250		-		-		-		-		-		5,250		
Shop with a cop		19,831		-		-		-		-		-		19,831		
Streets		-		903,241		-		-		-		-		903,241		
Parks		-		-		313,887		-		-		-		313,887		
Capital improvements		-		-		-		592,901		-		-		592,901		
Pandemic recovery		-		-		-		-		163		-		163		
Committed to capital improvements		260,295		-		-		-		-		-		260,295		
Unassigned		1,599,198		-		-		-		-		-		1,599,198		
Total Fund Balances		1,896,970	-	904,516		313,967		592,901		163		517,458		4,225,975		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and		<u>, , -</u>				<i>,</i>		·				·				
Fund Balances	Ś	2,667,847	Ś	910,444	ć	314,446	\$	619,976	Ś	747,473	Ś	575,614	~	5,835,800		

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

April 30, 2023

Fund balance - total governmental funds	\$ 4,225,975
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Governmental capital assets Less accumulated depreciation	 38,443,508 (18,181,619) 20,261,889
The net pension asset and deferred costs are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Net pension asset Deferred outflows due to pension Deferred inflows due to pension	 206,561 125,902 (97,551) 234,912
Compensated absences are not accrued in the governmental funds, but rather are recognized as an expenditure when paid	(58,710)
Unavailable tax revenues are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are not recognized as unavailable in the funds	126,937
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (2,093,301) 22,697,702

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

Year Ended April 30, 2023

				venue Funds Capital		Debt	Total	
General Fund		Street Fund	Park Fund	Improvement Fund	ARPA Fund	Service Fund	Governmental Funds	
Revenues								
Taxes	\$ 1,734,744	\$ 561,878	\$ 177,822	\$ 177,612	\$-	\$ 369,085	\$ 3,021,141	
Licenses and permits	88,042	-	-	-	-	-	88,042	
Intergovernmental revenues	242,091	-	-	9,412	973,705	-	1,225,208	
Charges for services	133,298	-	3,078	-	-	-	136,376	
Fines and forfeitures	58,736	-	-	-	-	-	58,736	
Miscellaneous	39,608	5,423	1,946	338	125	476	47,916	
Total Revenues	2,296,519	567,301	182,846	187,362	973,830	369,561	4,577,419	
Expenditures								
Current								
Administrative	284,871	-	-	-	-	-	284,871	
Police	1,213,069	-	-	-	-	-	1,213,069	
Municipal court	45,366	-	-	-	-	-	45,366	
Planning and zoning	1,984	-	-	-	-	-	1,984	
Building inspector	28,369	-	-	-	-	-	28,369	
Community service	22,050	-	-	-	-	-	22,050	
Street	-	289,205	-	-	-	-	289,205	
Parks	-	-	107,079	-	-	-	107,079	
Non-departmental improvements	-	-	-	92,994	161,886	-	254,880	
Capital outlay	86,979	20,889	-	-	811,819	-	919,687	
Debt service								
Principal, interest and fees	62,259	-	-	-	-	400,305	462,564	
Total Expenditures	1,744,947	310,094	107,079	92,994	973,705	400,305	3,629,124	
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over								
Expenditures	551,572	257,207	75,767	94,368	125	(30,744)	948,295	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Lease income	31,838	-	-	-	-	-	31,838	
Operating transfers in (out)	(808,898)	157,814	106,320	145,322			(399,442)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(225,488)	415,021	182,087	239,690	125	(30,744)	580,691	
Fund Balance, May 1	2,122,458	489,495	131,880	353,211	38	548,202	3,645,284	
Fund Balance, April 30	\$ 1,896,970	\$ 904,516	\$ 313,967	\$ 592,901	\$ 163	\$ 517,458	\$ 4,225,975	

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the
Statement of Activities

Year	Ended	April	30,	2023

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 580,691
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlay Depreciation	 919,687 (1,135,777) (216,090)
(Loss) on capital assets disposed	(48,344)
Some revenues reported in the governmental funds represent current financial resources and are recognized in the Statement of Activities when earned.	1,658
Some expenditures reported in the governmental funds represent the use of current financial resources and were recognized in the Statement of Activities when incurred.	
Change in pension related costs Change in compensated absences	 134,972 5,562
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds. The repayment of the principal of long-term debt is a use of current financial resources of governmental funds. In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding debt, whereas in the governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following is the detail of the net effect of these differences.	140,534
Repayment of principal on debt Premium on debt issuance	 386,108 27,579
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 413,687 872,136

Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds

April 30, 2023

	Enterprise Funds				
	Waterworks System	Wastewater System	Tabal		
Assets	Fund	Fund	Total		
Current Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 809,526	\$ 1,411,971	\$ 2,221,497		
Investments	125,000	5,847	130,847		
Utilities receivable, net	102,494	104,449	206,943		
Prepaid expenses	4,335	7,362	11,697		
Total Current Assets	1,041,355	1,529,629	2,570,984		
Restricted Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	2,440,075	408,368	2,848,443		
Property, Plant and Equipment					
Non-depreciable	92,000	150,000	242,000		
Depreciable, net	5,210,809	9,521,740	14,732,549		
Total Property, Plant, and Equipment	5,302,809	9,671,740	14,974,549		
Net Pension Asset	64,600	77,179	141,779		
Total Assets	8,848,839	11,686,916	20,535,755		
Deferred Outflow of Resources					
Deferred Pension Outflows	70,684	64,323	135,007		

Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds

April 30, 2023

	Enterprise Funds				
	Waterworks	Wastewater			
	System	System			
	Fund	Fund	Total		
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable	12,350	13,031	25,381		
Accrued expenses	5,187	5,199	10,386		
Utility deposits	214,211	-	214,211		
Current maturities of long-term debt	70,225	96,400	166,625		
Total Current Liabilities	301,973	114,630	416,603		
Long-Term Liabilities					
Compensated absences payable	8,104	8,104	16,208		
Revenue bonds	-	1,169,200	1,169,200		
Financed purchases	2,171,650		2,171,650		
Total Long-Term Liabilities	2,179,754	1,177,304	3,357,058		
Total Liabilities	2,481,727	1,291,934	3,773,661		
Deferred Inflow of Resources					
Deferred Pension Inflows	79,631	104,248	183,879		
Net Position					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	5,302,809	8,406,140	13,708,949		
Restricted	-	408,368	408,368		
Unrestricted	1,055,356	1,540,549	2,595,905		
Total Net Position	\$ 6,358,165	\$ 10,355,057	\$ 16,713,222		

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds

Year Ended April 30, 2023

		Enterprise Funds	
-	Waterworks	Wastewater	
	System	System	
	Fund	Fund	Total
Operating Revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 1,358,785	\$ 1,405,444	\$ 2,764,229
Miscellaneous	12,245	33,243	45,488
Total Operating Revenues	1,371,030	1,438,687	2,809,717
Operating Expenses			
Salaries and wages	299,503	258,068	557,571
Employee benefits	16,802	20,075	36,877
Gas and oil	12,672	12,672	25,344
Materials and supplies	15,474	12,013	27,487
Insurance	26,793	41,948	68,741
Telephone and utilities	166,308	97,744	264,052
Repairs and maintenance	291,557	301,121	592,678
Professional fees	18,370	122,511	140,881
Depreciation	382,062	614,397	996,459
Administrative	41,476	41,662	83,138
Other expenses	5,937	19,581	25,518
Total Operating Expenses	1,276,954	1,541,792	2,818,746
Operating Income (Loss)	94,076	(103,105)	(9,029)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			
Operating grants	-	6,000	6,000
(Loss) on disposal of capital assets	(1,760)	(494)	(2,254)
Interest income	1,511	1,149	2,660
Interest and fees expense	(16,476)	(28,393)	(44,869)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(16,725)	(21,738)	(38,463)
Income (Loss) Before Operating Transfers	77,351	(124,843)	(47,492)
Operating Transfers In	105,038	294,404	399,442
Net Income (Loss)	182,389	169,561	351,950
Net Position, May 1	6,175,776	10,185,496	16,361,272
Net Position, April 30	\$ 6,358,165	\$ 10,355,057	\$ 16,713,222

Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds

Year Ended April 30, 2023

		Enterprise Funds	
-	Waterworks	Wastewater	
	System	System	
	Fund	Fund	Total
– Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Cash received from customers	\$ 1,369,694	\$ 1,432,481	\$ 2,802,175
Cash paid to suppliers	(582,066)	(770,906)	(1,352,972)
Cash paid to employees	(420,519)	(363,950)	(784 <i>,</i> 469)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	367,109	297,625	664,734
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities			
Transfers from other funds	105,038	294,404	399,442
Operating grants	-	6,000	6,000
- Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing	105,038	300,404	405,442
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities			
Acquisition and construction of capital assets, net	(20,889)	(314,948)	(335,837)
Proceeds from issuance of new debt	2,241,875	-	2,241,875
Payment of bond principal	-	(94,500)	(94,500)
Payment of interest and fees	(16,476)	(28,393)	(44,869)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related			
Financing Activities	2,204,510	(437,841)	1,766,669
Cash Flows from Investing Activities			
Interest received	1,511	1,149	2,660
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	1,511	1,149	2,660
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,678,168	161,337	2,839,505
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of year	571,433	1,659,002	2,230,435
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of year	3,249,601	1,820,339	5,069,940
Less Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,440,075	408,368	2,848,443
Unrestricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 809,526	\$ 1,411,971	\$ 2,221,497

Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds

Year Ended April 30, 2023

	Enterprise Funds					
	Waterworks		Wastewater			
		System		System		
		Fund		Fund		Total
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash						
Provided by Operating Activities						
Operating income (loss)	\$	94,076	\$	(103,105)	\$	(9,029)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to						
net cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation		382,062		614,397		996,459
(Increase) decrease in						
Utilities receivable		(7,321)		(6,206)		(13,527)
Prepaid expenses		(307)		(480)		(787)
Net pension asset		69,182		56,603		125,785
Deferred pension outflow		(34,988)		(28,627)		(63 <i>,</i> 615)
Increase (decrease) in						
Accounts payable		(3,172)		(121,174)		(124,346)
Accrued expenses		(2,049)		(2,041)		(4,090)
Meter deposits payable		5 <i>,</i> 985		-		5,985
Deferred pension inflow		(135,395)		(110,778)		(246,173)
Compensated absences payable		(964)		(964)		(1,928)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	367,109	\$	297,625	\$	664,734

Notes to the Financial Statements

April 30, 2023

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City operates under a Board of Aldermen/Mayor form of government. The City provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety, streets, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning, and general administrative services. Other services include water and sewer operations.

The accounting policies of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

Financial Reporting Entity

The City is organized under the laws of the State of Missouri and is a primary government, which is governed by an elected Board of Aldermen. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the City has evaluated the criteria to determine whether any other entity meets the definition of a component unit and must be included in these financial statements. The City has determined that no other outside entity meets the criteria and therefore, no other entity has been included as a component unit in the financial statements. In addition, the City is not aware of any entity for which the City would be considered as a component unit of that entity.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both the government-wide (the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statements display information about the government as a whole. Interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements to minimize the duplication of internal activities. Governmental activities, which are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely on fees and charges for services for support.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities are consolidated and presented on the full accrual, economic resources basis of accounting. The consolidated presentation incorporates long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations, and it provides information to improve analysis and comparability.

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City's governmental and business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or a function. Program revenues include charges for goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meet operating and capital expenses of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Separate fund financial statements report information on the City's governmental and proprietary funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column.

Notes to the Financial Statements

April 30, 2023

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Consequently, the emphasis on near-term inflows and outflows of resources do not present the long-term impact of transactions. Conversely, the proprietary fund statements incorporate the accrual basis of accounting and focus on the change in total economic resources. This presentation records long-term assets and liabilities, and recognizes revenues and expenses when transactions occur, regardless of their impact on the flow of cash. Since the accounting differs significantly between the governmental funds and the proprietary funds, it is necessary to convert the governmental fund data to arrive at the government-wide financial statements. Therefore, reconciliations have been provided following the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance identifying categories that required conversion from the fund statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in other funds.

Street Fund: The Street Fund is used to account for revenue sources restricted, committed, or assigned for expenditures for streets.

Park Fund: The Park Fund is used to account for revenue sources restricted, committed, or assigned for expenditures for parks.

Capital Improvement Sales Tax Fund: The Capital Improvement Sales Tax Fund is used to account for revenue sources restricted, committed, or assigned for expenditures for capital improvement.

ARPA Fund: The ARPA Fund is used to account for resources restricted, committed, or assigned for the American Rescue Plan Act funding.

Debt Service Fund: The Debt Service Fund of the City is used to account for resources restricted, committed, or assigned for the payment of long-term debt on the 2022 Refunding General Obligation bond principal, interest, and related costs.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Waterworks System Fund: The Waterworks System Fund accounts for the activities and capital improvements of the City's water operations.

Wastewater System Fund: The Wastewater System Fund accounts for the activities and capital improvements of the City's sewer operations.

Adoption of New Accounting Standard

Effective May 1, 2022, the City adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 87 – *Leases*. The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The statement requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that were previously classified as operating leases and recognizes inflows or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

Notes to the Financial Statements

April 30, 2023

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the City considers all investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be a cash equivalent.

Investments

Investments consist of non-negotiable certificates of deposit which are recorded at cost.

Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, buildings, improvements, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, storm sewers, and similar items) and are included in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, excluding land, are defined by the City as assets with a cost of \$5,000 or greater and an estimated useful life of at least one year. All land purchases are capitalized regardless of cost. All purchased fixed assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Historically, governmental infrastructure assets have not been capitalized and reported in the financial statements. In conformity with GASB 34, infrastructure, such as streets and storm sewers, has been capitalized. Additionally, the City elected to depreciate its infrastructure assets. Depreciation is provided in amounts sufficient to relate the cost of the depreciable assets to operations over their estimated service lives on the straight-line basis. The service lives by type of asset are as follows:

Buildings	30-50 years
Improvements	30-50 years
Machinery and equipment	5-20 years
Vehicles	5-20 years
Infrastructure	30-50 years

Expenses for maintenance and repairs are charged to expense; renewals and betterments are capitalized.

Compensated Absences

Employees earn vacation time based on their years of service to the City and comp time based on hours worked. Outstanding vacation leave and comp time is payable upon termination of employment. Compensated absences are recorded as a liability in the Statement of Net Position.

Notes to the Financial Statements

April 30, 2023

Unearned Revenue

This is future revenue received for unspent grant proceeds and will be recognized as income when earned.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. Currently, the City has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category, deferred amounts relating to the retirement plan.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The items that qualify for reporting in this category are deferred pension inflows relating to the retirement plan on the Statement of Net Position, the portion of property taxes collectible that are in excess of three months reported on the Balance Sheet, and deferred inflows relating to leases reported on both the Statement of Net Position and the Balance Sheet. These amounts are recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflow of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS) and additions to/deductions from LAGERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LAGERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Leases

The City is a lessor for a lease of tower and ground space. The City recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and services. All other revenues and expenses are considered nonoperating.

Notes to the Financial Statements

April 30, 2023

Fund Balance Classification

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on constraints imposed on the use of these resources as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either a) not in spendable form or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance: is classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance: These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions of the Board of Aldermen – the government's highest level of decision making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment.

Assigned fund balance: This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the City's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in the governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned fund balance: This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

In circumstances when a disbursement is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Net Position

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, equity is displayed in three components as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets: This consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, less the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted: This consists of net position that is legally restricted by outside parties or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted: This consists of net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the City first applies restricted net position.

Notes to the Financial Statements

April 30, 2023

Program Revenues

In the Statement of Activities, revenues that are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside the City's taxpayers are reported as program revenues. These include 1) charges for city court fines, licenses and permits, planning and zoning services, parks and recreation services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. All other governmental revenues are reported as general. All taxes are classified as general revenues, even if restricted for a specific purpose.

Revenue Recognition – Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on November 1 and are due and payable at that time. All unpaid taxes levied November 1 become delinquent after December 31 of that year.

2. Cash & Cash Equivalents

State statutes require that the City's deposits be insured or collateralized in the name of the City by the trust department of a bank that does not hold the collateralized deposits. As of April 30, 2023, all bank balances on deposit are entirely insured or collateralized.

3. Investments

Investments of the City as of April 30, 2023, consist of the following:

Investment Type	Maturity	Total
Certificates of Deposit	5/31/2023 - 10/21/2024	\$ 293,906

Certificates of Deposit

Certificates of deposit are classified as investments but are considered deposits for custodial risk determination. State statutes require that the City's deposits be collateralized in the name of the City by the trust department of a bank that does not hold the collateralized deposits. As of April 30, 2023, all certificates of deposit are entirely insured or collateralized with securities.

Custodial Risk

For an investment, custodial risk is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment. The City's Certificates of Deposit are entirely insured or collateralized by a trust department of a bank that does not hold the collateralized deposits.

Interest Rate Risk

The City has no formal policy on interest rate risk.

Notes to the Financial Statements

April 30, 2023

4. Restricted Assets

Cash and cash equivalents and fund balance or net position have been restricted in the following funds and activities as follows:

	Cas	estricted h and Cash quivalents	Restricted Fund Balance/ Net Position		
General Fund					
Shop with a Cop	\$	19,831	\$	19,831	
Court Bonds		1,090		-	
Building Deposits		5,250		5,250	
		26,171		25,081	
Street Fund					
Sales Tax		854,668		903,241	
Park Fund					
Sales Tax		289,076		313,887	
Capital Improvement Fund					
Sales Tax		594,686		592,901	
ARPA Fund					
Pandemic recovery		747,473		163	
Debt Service Fund					
Debt Service		517,251		517,458	
	\$	3,029,325	\$	2,352,731	
Waterworks System Fund					
Water Deposits	\$	214,211	\$	-	
Unspent project proceeds		2,225,864		-	
		2,440,075		-	
Wastewater System Fund		·			
Bond reserves		408,368		408,368	
	\$	2,848,443	\$	408,368	

April 30, 2023

5. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are presented net of an allowance for doubtful accounts as follows:

	-	Accounts Receivable Allowance		Net Accounts Receivable		
Property Taxes Receivable						
Governmental Funds						
General Fund	\$	76,787	\$	(7,725)	\$	69,062
Debt Service Fund		64,848		(6 <i>,</i> 485)		58,363
	\$	141,635	\$	(14,210)	\$	127,425
Utilities Receivable						
Enterprise Funds						
Waterworks System Fund	\$	105,664	\$	(3,170)	\$	102,494
Wastewater System Fund		107,679		(3,230)		104,449
	\$	213,343	\$	(6,400)	\$	206,943

6. Leases Receivable

The City leases tower and ground space to a third party, as a lessor. Payments are fixed and payable monthly. During the year ended April 30, 2023, the City recognized \$4,877 and \$26,961 in lease revenue and lease interest, respectively. The current agreement expires on February 28, 2026, with the new agreement beginning on March 1, 2026. The new agreement renews automatically on March 1, 2031 with twenty (20) additional terms of five (5) years each. The lessee has the unilateral right to terminate the lease at any time by giving written notice. Monthly rent payments, including interest, are currently \$1,411, will increase to \$1,450 on March 1, 2026, and will incur a 10% increase each renewal period. The discount rate is assumed to be 4.27%. The total leases receivable balance and corresponding deferred lease inflow balance at April 30, 2023, was \$626,855 and \$623,389, respectively.

Notes to the Financial Statements

April 30, 2023

7. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended April 30, 2023, was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance April 30, 2022	 Additions	 Deletions	Balance April 30, 2023
Non-depreciable Capital Assets				
Land	\$ 547,422	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 547,422
Construction in progress	-	63,729	-	63,729
Total Non-depreciable Capital Assets	547,422	\$ 63,729	\$ -	611,151
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Buildings	17,329,651	\$ -	\$ 138,494	17,191,157
Improvements	987,861	269,055	-	1,256,916
Machinery and equipment	1,330,353	788,012	41,185	2,077,180
Vehicles	313,158	67,946	-	381,104
Infrastructure	17,195,055	-	269,055	16,926,000
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	37,156,078	\$ 1,125,013	\$ 448,734	37,832,357
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings	8,587,095	\$ 342,351	\$ 97,648	8,831,798
Improvements	165,221	61,545	-	226,766
Machinery and equipment	793,738	90,752	33,687	850,803
Vehicles	125,269	51,808	-	177,077
Infrastructure	7,505,854	589,321	-	8,095,175
Total Accumulated Depreciation	17,177,177	\$ 1,135,777	\$ 131,335	18,181,619
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, net	19,978,901			19,650,738
Total Governmental Activities	· ·			· ·
Capital Assets, net	\$ 20,526,323			\$ 20,261,889

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Administrative	\$ 150,542
Police	131,715
Parks	157,267
Street	 696,253
	\$ 1,135,777

Notes to the Financial Statements

April 30, 2023

Business-Type Activities Waterworks System Fund	Balance April 30, 2022	A	dditions	D	eletions	Balance April 30, 2023
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets Land	\$ 92,000	\$	_	¢	_	\$ 92,000
Depreciable Capital Assets	\$ 92,000	<u>ر</u>		Ļ		\$ 92,000
Buildings	6,076,329	\$	_	\$	_	6,076,329
Machinery and equipment	2,233,117	ç	- 20,889	Ş	-	2,254,006
Vehicles	147,218		20,005		18,850	128,368
Infrastructure	7,039,440		_		10,000	7,039,440
mastructure	15,496,104	\$	20,889	\$	18,850	15,498,143
	13, 130, 101		20,005	<u> </u>	10,000	10, 100, 110
Less Accumulated Depreciation	9,922,362	\$	382,062	\$	17,090	10,287,334
Total Depreciable Capital Assets,						
net	5,573,742					5,210,809
Wastewater System Fund						
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets						
Land	150,000	\$	-	\$	-	150,000
Depreciable Capital Assets						
Buildings	16,945,368	\$	-	\$	-	16,945,368
Machinery and equipment	593,904		20,889		-	614,793
Vehicles	152,620		-		20,500	132,120
Infrastructure	9,004,996		294,059		-	9,299,055
	26,696,888	\$	314,948	\$	20,500	26,991,336
Less Accumulated Depreciation	16,875,205		614,397	\$	20,006	17,469,596
Total Depreciable Capital Assets,			. ,	-	- /	,,
net	9,821,683					9,521,740
Total Capital Assets - Business -	5,521,005					
Type Activities, net	\$ 1E 607 40F					ć 14074540
Type Activities, net	\$ 15,637,425					\$ 14,974,549

Notes to the Financial Statements

April 30, 2023

8. Long-Term Liabilities – Governmental Activities

Series 2022 General Obligation Refunding Bonds

On February 3, 2022, the City issued \$2,285,000 in Series 2022 General Obligation Refunding Bonds to refund \$2,410,000 of the Series 2012 General Obligation Bonds. The Bonds bear interest at 3.0% with interest payments due March 1 and September 1 each year and principal payments due March 1, each year. The bonds may be called for redemption under the provisions outlined in the bond ordinance. The annual debt service requirements to amortize the principal on the bonds outstanding at April 30, 2023, are as follows:

Year Ending					
April 30,	Principal			Total	
2024	\$ 345,000	\$	58,800	\$	403,800
2025	365,000		48,450		413,450
2026	395,000		37,500		432,500
2027	410,000		25,650		435,650
2028	445,000		13,350		458,350
	\$ 1,960,000	\$	183,750	\$	2,143,750

The following table is a summary of the changes in Long-Term Liabilities – Governmental Activities:

	Balance April 30, 2022	Addit	ions	Re	tirements	Balance April 30, 2023	D	Amounts ue Within Dne Year
General Obligation Bonds								
Series 2022 Refunding	\$ 2,285,000	\$	-	\$	325,000	\$ 1,960,000	\$	345,000
Plus: Premium on G.O. Bonds	160,880		-		27,579	133,301		-
	 2,445,880		-		352,579	2,093,301		345,000
Direct Borrowing								
Police Equipment Lease	61,108		-		61,108	-		-
Compensated Absences	 64,272		-		5,562	58,710		-
	\$ 2,571,260	\$	-	\$	419,249	\$ 2,152,011	\$	345,000

9. Long-Term Debt – Business-Type Activities

Waterworks System Fund

Series 2023 MAMU Agreement

During the year ended April 30, 2023, the City entered into an agreement with the Missouri Association of Municipal Utilities (MAMU) in order to provide funding for the purpose of providing improvements to the City's water distribution system. The original principal amount of the issue was \$2,241,875 and requires semi-annual payments of \$86,261 each, which includes interest at 4.27%.

Notes to the Financial Statements

April 30, 2023

In the event of default, the lender may take immediate possession of the Project, demand payment, or sell or lease the lender's interest in the Project. The annual debt service requirements to maturity for this obligation are as follows:

Year Ending			
April 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 70,22	25 \$ 97,37	6 \$ 167,601
2025	74,52	23 93,22	5 167,748
2026	77,90	00 89,96	2 167,862
2027	81,43	30 86,55	2 167,982
2028	84,88	87 83,21	2 168,099
2029	88,96	67 79,27	1 168,238
2030	92,99	99 75,37	6 168,375
2031	97,22	13 71,30	5 168,518
2032	101,43	31 67,23	0 168,661
2033	106,22	15 62,60	8 168,823
2034	111,02	28 57,95	9 168,987
2035	116,05	59 53,09	8 169,157
2036	121,18	86 48,14	5 169,331
2037	126,83	10 42,71	2 169,522
2038	132,55	57 37,16	0 169,717
2039	138,56	64 31,35	7 169,921
2040	144,77	76 25,35	6 170,132
2041	151,40	03 18,95	3 170,356
2042	158,26	65 12,32	5 170,590
2043	165,43	37 5,39	7 170,834
	\$ 2,241,87	75 \$ 1,138,57	9 \$ 3,380,454

Wastewater System Fund

Series 2013 Revenue Bonds

During the year ended April 30, 2014, the City issued \$2,050,000 in Revenue Bonds for the purpose of extending and improving the sewerage system. The bonds bear interest at 1.55%. Interest payments are due in semi-annual installments on January 1 and July 1 of each year. In the event of default, the City must pay principal or interest on the bonds as they become due for a period of 60 days after written notice specifying such default has been given to the City, by the registered owner of any bond then outstanding, then at any time thereafter and while such default continues, the registered owners of 25% in principal amounts of the bonds outstanding may, by written notice to the City, declare the principal of all bonds

Notes to the Financial Statements

April 30, 2023

then outstanding to be due and payable immediately. The annual debt service requirements to maturity for these bonds are as follows:

Year Ending					
April 30,	Principa	al	Interest		Total
2024	\$ 96	5,400 \$	19,247	\$	115,647
2025	98	3,300	17,745		116,045
2026	101	,200	16,206		117,406
2027	104	,000	14,631		118,631
2028	105	<i>,</i> 900	13,011		118,911
2029	109	,800	11,355		121,155
2030	111	,700	9,646		121,346
2031	115	,500	7,900		123,400
2032	117	,400	6,103		123,503
2033	121	,200	4,268		125,468
2034	123	3,100	2,382		125,482
2035	61	.,100	474		61,574
	\$ 1,265	,600 \$	122,968	\$	1,388,568

The following table is a summary of the changes in the Long-Term Debt – Business-Type Activities:

	Balance April 30, 2022 Additions Ret		Additions Retirements		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		April 30,		Amounts Due Within One Year
Waterworks System Fund									
Direct Borrowing									
Series 2023 MAMU	\$-	\$ 2,241,875	\$-	\$ 2,241,875	\$ 70,225				
Compensated Absences	9,068	-	964	8,104	-				
	9,068	2,241,875	964	2,249,979	70,225				
Wastewater System Fund									
Series 2013 Revenue Bonds	1,360,100	-	94,500	1,265,600	96,400				
Compensated Absences	9,068	-	964	8,104	-				
	1,369,168	-	95,464	1,273,704	96,400				
	\$ 1,378,236	\$ 2,241,875	\$ 96,428	\$ 3,523,683	\$ 166,625				

Notes to the Financial Statements

April 30, 2023

10. Assessed Valuation & Legal Debt Margin

The assessed valuation of the tangible property and the tax levies per \$100 assessed valuation of that property were as follows:

	 2022
Assessed Valuation	
Real estate	\$ 84,566,411
Personal property	27,694,884
	\$ 112,261,295
Tax Rates Per \$100 of Assessed Valuation	
General Fund	\$ 0.4662
Debt Service Fund	 0.3436
	\$ 0.8098

The legal debt margin at April 30, 2022, was computed as follows:

	Gen	General Obligations Bonds						
	Ordinary (1)	Ordinary (1) Additional (2)						
Constitutional Debt Limit	\$ 11,226,130	\$ 11,226,130	\$ 22,452,260					
General Obligation Bonds Payable	(1,960,000)	-	(1,960,000)					
Amount Available in Debt Service Fund	517,458		517,458					
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 9,783,588	\$ 11,226,130	\$ 21,009,718					

(1) Under Article VI, Section 26(b) and (c), Missouri Constitution, the City, by a vote of its qualified electors voting therein, may incur an indebtedness for any purposes authorized in the charter of the City or by any general law of the State of Missouri. The borrowings authorized by this section shall not exceed ten percent of the value of the taxable tangible property in the City.

(2) Under Article VI, Section 26(d) and (e), Missouri Constitution, the City, by a vote of its qualified electors voting therein, may become indebted not exceeding in the aggregate an additional ten percent for the purpose of acquiring rights-of-way, construction, extending, and improving streets and avenues, and/or sanitary or storm sewer systems; and purchasing or constructing waterworks, electric or other light plants, provided that the total general obligation indebtedness of the City does not exceed twenty percent of the value of the taxable tangible property in the City.

11. Employee Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The City's defined benefit pension plan provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City participates in the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS). LAGERS is an agent multiple-employer, statewide public employee pension plan established in 1967 and

Notes to the Financial Statements

April 30, 2023

administered in accordance with RSMo. 70.600-70.755. As such, it is LAGERS responsibility to administer the law in accordance with the expressed intent of the General Assembly. The plan is qualified under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) and is tax exempt. The responsibility for the operations and administration of LAGERS is vested in the LAGERS Board of Trustees consisting of seven persons. LAGERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained by accessing the LAGERS website at www.molagers.org.

Benefits Provided. LAGERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the state statutes governing LAGERS. All benefits vest after 5 years of credited service. Employees who retire on or after age 60 (55 for police) with 5 or more years of service are entitled to an allowance for life based upon the benefit program information provided below. Employees may retire with an early retirement benefit with a minimum of 5 years of credited service and after attaining age 55 (50 for police) and receive a reduced allowance.

	2022 Valuation
Benefit multiplier	2.00% for life
Final average salary	5 years
Member contributions	4%

Benefit terms provide for annual post retirement adjustments to each member's retirement allowance subsequent to the member's retirement date. The annual adjustment is based on the increase in the Consumer Price Index and is limited to 4% per year.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. At June 30, 2022, which is LAGERs fiscal year end and the latest information available, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	General	Police
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	14	7
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	2	9
Active employees	15	9
	31	25

Contributions. The employer is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by LAGERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year. With an additional amount to finance an unfunded accrued liability. Full-time employees of the employer do not contribute to the pension plan. Employer contribution rates are 10.3% (General) and 11.0% (Police) of annual covered payroll.

Net Pension Asset. The employer's net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of February 28, 2022.

Notes to the Financial Statements

April 30, 2023

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the February 28, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation Salary increase

Investment rate of return

2.75% wage inflation, 2.25% price inflation 2.75% to 6.75% including wage inflation (General) 2.75% to 6.55% including wage inflation (Police) 7.00% net of investment expenses

The healthy retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, used in evaluating allowances to be paid were 115% of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Table for males and females. The disabled retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, used in evaluating allowances to be paid were 115% of the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table for males and females. The pre-retirement mortality tables used were 75% of the PubG-2010 Employee Mortality Table for males and females of General groups and 75% of the PubS-2010 Employee Mortality Table for males and females of Police, Fire and Public Safety groups.

Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables.

The actuarial assumptions used in the February 28, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period March 1, 2015, through February 29, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Target		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Alpha	15.00%	3.67%
Equity	35.00%	4.78%
Fixed Income	31.00%	1.41%
Real Assets	36.00%	3.29%
Strategic Assets	8.00%	5.25%
Cash/Leverage	-25.00%	-0.29%

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements

April 30, 2023

Changes in the Net Pension Asset

	Increase (Decrease)				
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension		
	Liability	Net Position	(Asset)		
General Division	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)		
Balance at beginning of year	\$ 3,122,672	\$ 3,484,245	\$ (361,573)		
Changes for the year					
Service Cost	83,636	-	83,636		
Interest on total pension liability	211,329	-	211,329		
Difference between expected and actual					
experiences	112,595	-	112,595		
Contributions - employer	-	84,229	(84,229)		
Contributions - employee	-	29,131	(29,131)		
Net investment income	-	2,654	(2,654)		
Benefits paid, including refunds	(294,574)	(294,574)	-		
Administrative expenses	-	(3,314)	3,314		
Other (net transfer)	-	119,838	(119,838)		
Net changes	112,986	(62,036)	175,022		
Balances at end of year	3,235,658	3,422,209	(186,551)		
Police Division					
Balance at beginning of year	1,522,931	1,775,717	(252,786)		
Changes for the year					
Service Cost	56,990	-	56,990		
Interest on total pension liability	105,882	-	105,882		
Difference between expected and actual					
experiences	35,369	-	35,369		
Contributions - employer	-	48,153	(48,153)		
Contributions - employee	-	17,111	(17,111)		
Net investment income	-	1,918	(1,918)		
Benefits paid, including refunds	(78,003)	(78,003)	-		
Administrative expenses	-	(2,321)	2,321		
Other (net transfer)	-	42,383	(42,383)		
Net changes	120,238	29,241	90,997		
Balances at end of year	1,643,169	1,804,958	(161,789)		
Total Plan Balances at End of Year	\$ 4,878,827	\$ 5,227,167	\$ (348,340)		

Notes to the Financial Statements

April 30, 2023

The net pension (asset) has been allocated as follows:

Governmental Activities	\$ (206,561)
Business-Type Activities	
Electric Fund	(64,600)
Water Fund	(77,179)
	 (141,779)
	\$ (348,340)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following present the net pension asset of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the employer's net pension asset would be using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

				rrent Single count Rate		
	1% De	crease	As	sumption	19	% Increase
General Division	6.0	0%		7.00%		8.00%
Total Pension Liability	\$ 3,6	664,141	\$	3,235,658	\$	2,877,865
Fiduciary Net Position	3,4	22,209		3,422,209		3,422,209
Net Pension Liability (Asset)		241,932		(186,551)		(544,344)
Police Division						
Total Pension Liability	1,9	926,690		1,643,169		1,415,282
Fiduciary Net Position	1,8	304,958		1,804,958		1,804,958
Net Pension Liability (Asset)		21,732		(161,789)		(389,676)
Total Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 3	863,664	\$	(348,340)	\$	(934,020)

Notes to the Financial Statements

April 30, 2023

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2023, the employer recognized pension credits of \$167,771 in the general division and \$25,661 in the police division. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Outflows (Inflows)		Outflo	t Deferred ows (Inflows) Resources
General Division						
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	109,164	\$	(116,996)	\$	(7,832)
Assumption changes		-		(44,737)		(44,737)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings						
on pension plan investments		-		(80,213)		(80,213)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date*		68,476		-		68,476
		177,640		(241,946)		(64,306)
Police Division						
Differences between expected and actual experience		40,788		(2,209)		38,579
Assumption changes		3,964		-		3,964
Net difference between projected and actual earnings						
on pension plan investments		-		(37,275)		(37,275)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date*		38,517		-		38,517
		83,269		(39,484)		43,785
	\$	260,909	\$	(281,430)	\$	(20,521)

Deferred outflows and (inflows) have been allocated as follows:

	Ou	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred nflows) of esources	Outflow	t Deferred ws (Inflows) of esources
Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities	\$	125,902	\$	(97 <i>,</i> 551)	\$	28,351
Electric Fund		70,684		(79,631)		(8,947)
Water Fund		64,323	_	(104,248)		(39,925)
		135,007		(183,879)		(48,872)
	\$	260,909	\$	(281,430)	\$	(20,521)

*The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an addition to the net pension asset for the year ending April 30, 2024.

Notes to the Financial Statements

April 30, 2023

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources								
April 30,		General		Police		Total			
2024	\$	(50,331)	\$	1,526	\$	(48,805)			
2025		(45,440)		207		(45,233)			
2026		(76,262)		(22,704)		(98,966)			
2027		30,786		26,239		57,025			
2028		8,465		-		8,465			
	\$	(132,782)	\$	5,268	\$	(127,514)			

Payable to the Pension Plan

At April 30, 2023, the City had no outstanding amounts of contributions payable to the pension plan.

12. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City has transferred its risk by obtaining coverage from a public self-insured insurance pool. In addition, it has effectively managed risk through various employee education and prevention programs. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the previous year.

13. Claims & Adjustments

The City participates in a number of federal and state programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from other governmental units. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government. If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with grant program regulation, the City may be required to reimburse the grantor government. As of April 30, 2023, expenditures have not been audited by grantor governments, but the City believes that disallowed expenditures, if any, based on subsequent audits will not have a material effect on any of the individual government funds or the overall financial position of the City.

14. Pledged Revenues

Wastewater System Fund

The City has pledged future sewer customer revenues to repay the Series 2013 Revenue Bonds issued to improve and expand the sewer system. The bonds are payable solely from sewer customer net revenues and are payable through 2035. Net revenues are revenues of the system less expenses of the system with the exception of depreciation. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$1,388,568. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$115,219 and \$511,292, respectively.

Notes to the Financial Statements

April 30, 2023

15. Interfund Transfers

Transfers between funds of the City for the year ended April 30, 2023, were as follows:

	Net Tra	Net Transfers Out		
General Fund	\$	-	\$	808,898
Street Fund		157,814		-
Park Fund		106,320		-
Capital Improvement Fund		145,322		-
Waterworks System Fund		105,038		-
Wastewater System Fund		294,404		-
	\$	808,898	\$	808,898

Transfers are used to (1) move receipts from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to disburse them, and (2) use unrestricted receipts in the Enterprise Funds and General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

16. Deferred Taxes

Revenue has not been realized for receivables not expected to be collected within three months of year end, but are expected to be collectible. Deferred taxes as of April 30, 2023 are \$126,937.

17. Restatement

Leases receivable and deferred inflows of resources related to leases have been restated as of May 1, 2022 to accurately reflect the adoption of GASB Statement No. 87 - Leases. Net position and fund balance were not affected by the restatement.

General Fund

Fund Balance, as previously stated, April 30, 2022	\$ 2,122,458
Long-term leases receivable	628,266
Deferred lease inflows	(628,266)
Fund Balance, as restated, May 1, 2022	\$ 2,122,458
Governmental Activities	
Net Position, as previously stated, April 30, 2022	\$ 21,825,566
Long-term leases receivable	628,266
Deferred lease inflows	 (628,266)
Net Position, as restated, May 1, 2022	\$ 21,825,566

Notes to the Financial Statements

April 30, 2023

18. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue consists of revenues received but not considered earned until the eligibility requirements have been met. At April 30, 2023, these unearned revenues include unspent grant proceeds in the amount of \$658,619.

19. Commitments

As of April 30, 2023, the City was committed to the following construction contracts:

- Joplin Industrial Electric Co., Inc. for the Frank Dean Ballpark lighting project in the amount of \$111,826.
- Capital Paving & Construction, LLC for street and sidewalk improvements in the amount of \$481,972.
- Joplin Industrial Electric Co., Inc. for the generator project in the amount of \$114,049.

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios

Year Ended April 30, 2023

Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS)										
	Year Ended April 30, 2023	Year Ended April 30, 2022	Year Ended April 30, 2021	Year Ended April 30, 2020	Year Ended April 30, 2019	Year Ended April 30, 2018	Year Ended April 30, 2017	Year Ended April 30, 2016		
Total Pension Liability										
Service Cost	\$ 140,626	\$ 148,997	\$ 149,427	\$ 147,761	\$ 142,227	\$ 134,111	\$ 113,932	\$ 105,849		
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	317,211	327,918	299,889	277,819	256,657	236,932	190,218	171,668		
Change in benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-	-	296,229	-		
Difference between expected and actual experience	147,964	(160,975)	67,771	(9,622)	(26,953)	(28,526)	(4,913)	60,673		
Change of assumptions	-	(58,511)	-	-	-	(16,572)	139,540	-		
Benefit Payments, including refunds	(372,577)	(121,172)	(139,047)	(86,593)	(79,063)	(69,233)	(98,989)	(74,072)		
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	233,224	136,257	378,040	329,365	292,868	256,712	636,017	264,118		
Total Pension Liability, Beginning	4,645,603	4,509,346	4,131,306	3,801,941	3,509,073	3,252,361	2,616,344	2,352,226		
Total Pension Liability, Ending	4,878,827	4,645,603	4,509,346	4,131,306	3,801,941	3,509,073	3,252,361	2,616,344		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position										
Contributions - employer	132,382	142,276	135,925	140,813	138,203	125,755	96,338	104,892		
Contributions - employee	46,242	51,312	56,556	49,735	48,249	46,577	43,066	44,363		
Pension Plan Net Investment Income	4,572	1,138,811	50,862	256,089	381,753	328,598	(4,468)	49,120		
Benefit Payments, including refunds	(372,577)	(121,172)	(139,047)	(86,593)	(79,063)	(69,233)	(98,989)	(74,072)		
Pension Plan Administrative Expense	(5,635)	(5,034)	(6,859)	(6,280)	(4,184)	(3,878)	(3,871)	(4,008)		
Other (net transfer)	162,221	(20,107)	(8,865)	27,032	11,450	7,409	15,511	39,568		
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(32,795)	1,186,086	88,572	380,796	496,408	435,228	47,587	159,863		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, Beginning	5,259,962	4,073,876	3,985,304	3,604,508	3,108,100	2,672,872	2,625,285	2,465,422		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, Ending	5,227,167	5,259,962	4,073,876	3,985,304	3,604,508	3,108,100	2,672,872	2,625,285		
Employer Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ (348,340)	\$ (614,359)	\$ 435,470	\$ 146,002	\$ 197,433	\$ 400,973	\$ 579,489	\$ (8,941)		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	107.14%	113.22%	90.34%	96.47%	94.81%	88.57%	82.18%	100.34%		
Covered payroll	\$ 1,029,522	\$ 1,251,180	\$ 1,362,812	\$ 1,222,302	\$ 1,204,918	\$ 1,155,730	\$ 1,079,412	\$ 1,063,111		
Employer's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	-33.84%	-49.10%	31.95%	11.94%	16.39%	34.69%	53.69%	-0.84%		

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule of Contributions

Year Ended April 30, 2023

Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS)

Year Ending April 30,	Actuarially Determined Contribution		nined Determined Dution Contribution		E	ribution xcess ficiency)	Covered Payroll	Contribution as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2014	\$	100,548	\$	100,548	\$	-	\$ 997,052	10.08%
2015		105,581		105,582		1	1,092,557	9.66%
2016		96,264		96,264		-	1,117,988	8.61%
2017		124,425		124,425		-	1,164,236	10.69%
2018		137,855		136,371		(1,484)	1,188,585	11.47%
2019		140,418		140,418		-	1,231,877	11.40%
2020		137,017		137,017		-	1,256,879	10.90%
2021		140,592		140,592		-	1,277,814	11.00%
2022		137,489		136,180		(1,309)	1,172,552	11.61%
2023		125,716		125,716		-	1,189,100	10.57%

See accompanying Notes to the Schedule of Contributions.

Notes to the Schedule of Contributions

Year Ended April 30, 2023

Valuation Date: February 28, 2022

Notes: The roll-forward of total pension liability from February 28, 2022, to June 30, 2022, reflects expected service cost and interest reduced by actual benefit payments.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal and Modified Terminal Funding

Amortization Method: A level percentage of payroll amortization method is used to amortize the UAAL over a closed period of years. If the UAAL (excluding the UAAL associated with benefit changes) is negative, then this amount is amortized over the greater of, (i) the remaining initial amortization period, or (ii) 15 years.

Remaining Amortization Period: Multiple bases from 13 to 20 years for general and police divisions

Asset Valuation Method: 5-Year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Inflation: 2.75% wage inflation; 2.25% price inflation

Salary Increases: 2.75% to 6.75% including wage inflation (General); 2.75% to 6.55% including wage inflation (Police)

Investment Rate of Return: 7.00%, net of investment expenses

Retirement Age: Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition

Mortality: The healthy retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, used in evaluating allowances to be paid were 115% of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Table for males and females. The disabled retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, used in evaluating allowances to be paid were 115% of the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table for males and females. The pre-retirement mortality tables used were 75% of the PubG-2010 Employee Mortality Table for males and females of General groups and 75% of the PubS-2010 Employee Mortality Table for males and females of General groups.

Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables.

Other Information: None

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund

Year Ended April 30, 2023

Revenues	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Taxes				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 450,000	\$ 450,000	\$ 517,158	\$ 67,158
Sales tax	505,000	505,000	657,444	152,444
Franchise taxes	458,000	458,000	560,142	102,142
	1,413,000	1,413,000	1,734,744	321,744
Licenses and Permits				
Occupational licenses	117,400	117,400	74,901	(42 <i>,</i> 499)
Other fees	13,500	13,500	13,141	(359)
	130,900	130,900	88,042	(42,858)
Intergovernmental Revenues				
Grants	75,000	75,000	242,091	167,091
Charges for Services				
Police services	620	620	1,528	908
Rent	45,200	45,200	47,280	2,080
Trash	75,000	75,000	84,490	9,490
	120,820	120,820	133,298	12,478
Fines and Forfeitures				
City court fines	66,100	66,100	58,736	(7,364)
Miscellaneous				
Interest	260	260	1,735	1,475
Donations	-	-	33,393	33,393
Other	500	500	4,480	3,980
	760	760	39,608	38,848
Total Revenues	1,806,580	1,806,580	2,296,519	489,939

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund

Year Ended April 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Expenditures				
Current				
Administrative	277,466	277,466	284,871	(7,405)
Police	1,186,742	1,211,284	1,213,069	(1,785)
Municipal court	47,437	47,437	45,366	2,071
Planning and zoning	3,360	3,360	1,984	1,376
Building inspector	49,141	49,141	28,369	20,772
Community service	-	-	22,050	(22,050)
Capital outlay	94,600	94,600	86,979	7,621
Debt service				
Principal, interest and fees	41,756	62,259	62,259	-
Total Expenditures	1,700,502	1,745,547	1,744,947	600
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	106,078	61,033	551,572	490,539
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Lease income	15,000	15,000	31,838	16,838
Operating transfers (out)	(44,700)	(44,700)	(808,898)	(764,198)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(29,700)	(29,700)	(777,060)	(747,360)
Net Change in Fund Balance	76,378	31,333	(225,488)	(256,821)
Fund Balance, May 1	2,122,458	2,122,458	2,122,458	
Fund Balance, April 30	\$ 2,198,836	\$ 2,153,791	\$ 1,896,970	\$ (256,821)

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Street Fund

Year Ended April 30, 2023

_	Original Budget		Final Budget		 Actual	Variance With Final Budget		
Revenues								
Taxes								
Sales tax	\$	145,000	\$	145,000	\$ 177,612	\$	32,612	
Motor vehicle tax		303,500		303,500	 384,266		80,766	
		448,500		448,500	561,878		113,378	
Miscellaneous								
Interest		125		125	469		344	
Other		1,700		1,700	 4,954		3,254	
		1,825		1,825	 5,423		3,598	
Total Revenues		450,325		450,325	567,301		116,976	
Expenditures								
Current								
Street		413,262		413,262	289,205		124,057	
Capital outlay		25,000		25,000	20,889		4,111	
Total Expenditures		438,262		438,262	 310,094		128,168	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		12,063		12,063	257,207		245,144	
Other Financing Sources								
Operating transfers in		-		-	 157,814		157,814	
Net Change in Fund Balance		12,063		12,063	415,021		402,958	
Fund Balance, May 1		489,495		489,495	489,495		-	
Fund Balance, April 30	\$	501,558	\$	501,558	\$ 904,516	\$	402,958	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Park Fund

Year Ended April 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Revenues				
Taxes				
Sales tax	\$ 127,700	\$ 127,700	\$ 177,822	\$ 50,122
Charges for Services				
Center activities	3,300	3,300	3,078	(222)
Miscellaneous				
Interest	-	-	142	142
Other	2,200	2,200	1,804	(396)
	2,200	2,200	1,946	(254)
Total Revenues	133,200	133,200	182,846	49,646
Expenditures				
Current				
Parks	81,408	81,408	107,079	(25,671)
Capital outlay	47,000	47,000	-	47,000
Total Expenditures	128,408	128,408	107,079	21,329
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	4,792	4,792	75,767	70,975
Other Financing Sources				
Operating transfers in	44,700	44,700	106,320	61,620
Net Change in Fund Balance	49,492	49,492	182,087	132,595
Fund Balance, May 1	131,880	131,880	131,880	-
Fund Balance, April 30	\$ 181,372	\$ 181,372	\$ 313,967	\$ 132,595

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Capital Improvement Fund

Year Ended April 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Revenues				
Taxes				
Sales tax	\$ 140,00	00\$140,0	000 \$ 177,612	\$ 37,612
Intergovernmental				
Grants		-	- 9,412	9,412
Miscellaneous				
Interest	-	75	75 338	263
Other	50	00	500 -	(500)
	5	75 5	338	(237)
Total Revenues	140,5	75 140,5	187,362	46,787
Expenditures				
Current				
Non-departmental improvements	50,00	00 101,0	92,994	8,006
Total Expenditures	50,00	00 101,0	92,994	8,006
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over				
Expenditures	90,5	75 39,5	94,368	54,793
Other Financing Sources				
Operating transfers in	90,00	90,0	000 145,322	55,322
Net Change in Fund Balance	180,5	75 129,5	239,690	110,115
Fund Balance, May 1	353,23	11353,2	211353,211	
Fund Balance, April 30	\$ 533,78	36 \$ 482,7	786 \$ 592,901	\$ 110,115

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – ARPA Fund

Year Ended April 30, 2023

	ginal dget	Final Budget		Actual		Variance With Final Budget	
Revenues							
Intergovernmental revenues							
Grants	\$ -	\$	-	\$	973,705	\$	973,705
Miscellaneous							
Interest	-		-		125		125
Total Revenues	 -		-		973,830		973,830
Expenditures							
Current							
Non-department improvements	-		-		161,886		(161,886)
Capital outlay	 		-		811,819		(811,819)
Total Expenditures	 -		-		973,705		(973,705)
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	-		-		125		125
Fund Balance, May 1	 -		-		38		38
Fund Balance, April 30	\$ -	\$	-	\$	163	\$	163

Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedules

Year Ended April 30, 2023

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City uses the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to April, Administration submits to the Board of Aldermen a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following May 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditure plans for all fund types and the proposed means of financing them.
- 2. One public hearing is conducted by the Board of Aldermen in late March or early April to obtain taxpayers' comments on the proposed budget and tax levy.
- 3. Prior to May 1, ordinances are passed by the Board of Aldermen which provide for legally adopted budgets for all funds of the City.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for all funds of the City.
- 5. Budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. Budgeted amounts may be amended during the year by the Board of Aldermen on approved budget adjustment forms.

Other Reporting Requirements



Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen City of Carl Junction, Missouri Carl Junction, Missouri

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of Carl Junction, Missouri, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Carl Junction, Missouri's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon, dated September 1, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Carl Junction, Missouri's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Carl Junction, Missouri's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe that a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, as item 2023-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

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Report on Compliance and other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Carl Junction, Missouri's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Carl Junction, Missouri's Response to Finding

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City of Carl Junction, Missouri's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The City's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Carl Junction, Missouri's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Carl Junction, Missouri's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

KPM CPAS, PC

KPM CPAs, PC Springfield, Missouri September 1, 2023

Schedule of Findings and Responses

Year Ended April 30, 2023

Material Weakness

2023-001 Segregation of Duties

Condition: Because of a limited number of available personnel, it is not always possible to adequately segregate certain incompatible duties so that no one employee has access to both physical assets and the related accounting records, or to all phases of a transaction.

Criteria: Duties should be segregated so that no one employee has access to both physical assets and the related accounting records, or to all phases of a transaction.

Effect: Risk is present that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material to the basic financial statements may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Recommendation: We realize that because of limited resources and personnel, management may not be able to achieve a proper segregation of duties; however, our professional standards require that we bring this lack of segregation of duties to your attention in this report.

Response: The limited number of available personnel prohibits segregation of incompatible duties.



Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen City of Carl Junction Carl Junction, Missouri

In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements of the City of Carl Junction, Missouri, for the year ended April 30, 2023, we considered the City's internal control to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the basic financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed in the Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a material weakness.

In addition to the material weakness discussed in the Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we became aware of additional matters to bring to your attention. The following paragraphs summarize our comments and recommendations regarding these matters.

1. Bank Accounts

The City currently maintains 27 bank accounts. Majority of the transactions into and out of these bank accounts are transfers between them. For the prevention of bank account fraud, all bank accounts should be reviewed at least annually, and bank accounts that are not frequently utilized should be either consolidate or eliminated.

We Recommend:

The City review all bank accounts, at least annually, and either consolidate or eliminate bank accounts that are not frequently utilized. We encourage the City to investigate the use of pooled cash in order to reduce the number of accounts and transfers. We further recommend that all transfers, wires, and ACHs are required to have two-party authorizations and that staff reconcile all transfers, wires, and ACHs on a daily basis.

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2. Physical Security and Control over Inventory

During our audit, we noted that the City does not have a method to track usage of items held in inventory. The City does not maintain an inventory listing of physical inventory asset items on hand at year end. Since the value of supplies and tools used for the operation and maintenance of the City's utility operations can be a significant amount, implementing controls over inventory is an important tool to protect the City from losses due to theft and misuse of City assets.

We Recommend:

The City review and implement procedures for storing and safeguarding inventory items and assets. Further, we recommend the City take steps to implement a method for tracking inventory usage.

3. Budgetary Compliance

The City did not adopt a budget for the ARPA Fund and therefore was not in compliance with the budgetary statue, Chapter 67 RSMo. The budgetary statute requires governments to adopt a budget and prohibits actual expenditures exceeding budgeted expenditures for any fund of the City.

We Recommend:

The City adopt a budget for the ARPA Fund, and amend as necessary, in order to be in compliance with the budgetary statute (Chapter 67, RSMo).

4. New Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 96 – *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements* – This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology agreements (SBITAs). It defines SBITA, establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use asset and corresponding subscription liability, provides capitalization criteria, and requires notes disclosures regarding a SBITA. The effective date is for the City's fiscal year ending April 30, 2024.

GASB Statement No. 99 – *Omnibus 2022* – This Statement amends and updates requirements and terminology of previous released standards. In particular, this statement revises requirements related to leases and SBITAs that the City is subject to. This standard is effective for the City's fiscal year ending April 30, 2024, and all reporting periods thereafter.

GASB Statement No. 100 – Accounting Changes and Error Corrections, an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62 – This Statement defines accounting changes and prescribes the accounting and financial reporting for each type of accounting change and error corrections. This statement is effective for the fiscal year ending April 30,2025.

GASB Statement No. 101 – *Compensated Absences* – This Statement updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences and amends certain previously required disclosures. This statement is effective for the fiscal year ending April 30, 2025.

We Recommend:

Management examine the new pronouncements to determine the effect these will have on future financial reporting and to ensure successful implementation on the effective dates.

5. Cybersecurity and Information Technology Controls

Cyberattacks are on the rise across the globe, and the cost of these attacks is ever increasing. Because of these attacks, municipalities stand to lose their reputation, the ability to operate efficiently, and proprietary information or assets. Communities potentially can also be subject to financial and legal liabilities. Managing this issue is especially challenging because even a municipality with a highly mature cybersecurity risk management program still has a residual risk that a material cybersecurity breach could occur and not be detected in a timely manner.

We Recommend:

The City continue to monitor and evaluate this risk, which are critical best practices. Additionally, periodic assessments of the system in order to verify that the control environment is working as intended are key parts of measuring associated business risk. We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed these comments and suggestions with the City's administrative personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional studies of this matter or to assist you in implementing the recommendation.

We appreciate this opportunity to serve as the City of Carl Junction's independent auditors and the courtesies and assistance extended to us by the City's employees.

Respectfully submitted,

KPM CPAS, PC

KPM CPAs, PC Springfield, Missouri September 1, 2023



Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen City of Carl Junction Carl Junction, Missouri

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of Carl Junction, Missouri, for the year ended April 30, 2023. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated April 30, 2023. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Matters

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the City of Carl Junction, Missouri, are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. The City adopted GASB 87, *Leases* during the year ended April 30, 2023. We noted no transactions entered into by the governmental unit during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate(s) affecting the business-type activities' financial statements was management's estimate of the allowance for doubtful accounts is based on historical utility revenues, historical loss levels, and an analysis of the collectability of individual accounts. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the allowance in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. We noted no misstatements regarding assets or net position.

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Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditors' report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated September 1, 2023.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditors' opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison schedules, and pension schedules, which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of the Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen and management of the City of Carl Junction, Missouri, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sincerely,

KPM CPAS, PC

KPM CPAs, PC Springfield, Missouri September 1, 2023